

Birds of Dhorpatan Hunting Reserve, Nepal

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Nepal is rich in bird diversity and recorded 871 bird species. Our study aimed to update bird diversity of Dhorpatan Hunting Reserve (DHR) of Nepal which is an Important Birds Area (IBA) out of 27 IBAs of Nepal. One hundred forty nine species of birds were recorded in DHR; out of them *Catreus wallichii* was globally threatened bird which has faced different anthropogenic problem. Twelve species of birds were included in CITIES Appendices and 3 species were nationally threatened. Most of the species of order *Passeriformis* were recorded. Only one species of order *Upupiformes* i.e. *Upupa epops* was recorded during the study.

Keywords: Bird; Checklist; Threatened; Dhorpatan Hunting Reserve

Introduction

Birds (class Aves) are feathered, winged, bipedal, endothermic, egg-laying, vertebrate animals (Wikipedia, 2013). Although Nepal covers just 0.1% of the global land mass, nearly 9% of the world's bird species are found here (BCN, 2012). With the latest record of ashy minivet (*Pericrocotus divaricatus*) and long-billed vulture (*Gyps indicus*) Nepal's bird diversity has reached 871 species (BCN, 2012; BCN and DNPWC, 2012). A total of 29 species recorded in Nepal were identified as globally threatened by BirdLife International in 1999 (Grimmett et al., 2000). Zoo-geographically, Nepal falls between two great regions: the Palaearctic in the north and Oriental to the south so Nepal has one of the world's richest avian fauna (Shrestha, 1981).

A total of 27 Important Birds Areas (IBAs) had been identified in Nepal. Thirteen IBAs are within protected areas (Thakuri & Thapa, 2012). Dhorpatan Hunting Reserve (DHR) is one of the IBAs (BCN and DNPWC, 2011). DHR was a habitat of 137 species of bird out of them cheer pheasant (*Catreus wallichii*) is listed in endangered category of IUCN red data list (Thapa, 2007). Here we updated the checklist of bird species of DHR. DHR was good habitat of birds (Thapa, 2007) but checklist update was lacking. Our aim was to update the checklist of bird species in DHR and to identify their order, family, conservation status and threats.

Material and Methods

Study Area

The Dhorpatan Hunting Reserve (DHR) is the only one hunting reserve in Nepal located in Dhaulagiri Himal range of the eastern part of the country (Aryal & Kreigenhofer, 2009; Panthi et al., 2012). The reserve was established in 1983 and gazetted in 1987. The reserve covers 1325 km² and ranges from 2000 to 7246 m (altitude). It falls within the Rukum, Baglung and

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Myadgi districts of Nepal (**Figure 1**). The reserve supports 14 ecosystems types represented in the mid hill to higher Himalayan ecosystem (Shrestha et al., 2002; Lillesø et al., 2005; Bhuju et al., 2007).

The reserve provide prime habitat for fauna such as barking deer (*Munticus muntjak*), Himalayan thar (*Hemitragus jemlahicus*), rhesus macaque (*Macaca radiata*) wolf (*Canis lupus*), red panda (*Ailurus fulgens fulgens*), wild boar (*Sus scrofa*), blue sheep (*Pseudois nayaur*), Himalayan black bear (*Ursus thibetanus*), common leopard (*Panthera pardus*), goral (*Naemorhedus goral*), serow (*Capricornis thar*) and variety of avifauna including cheer pheasant (*Catreus wallichii*) and danphe (*Lophophorus impeigani*) (Aryal & Kreigenhofer, 2009; Aryal et al., 2010a; Aryal et al., 2010b; Panthi et al., 2012).

Methods: Checklist of Birds in DHR

Intensive survey was conducted throughout the reserve to update the checklist of birds in study area. We used The books "Birds of Nepal" prepared by Richard Grimmett, Carol Inskipp and Tim Inskipp (2000) and "Birds of Nepal: An Official Checklist" (2012) prepared by Bird Conservation of Nepal (BCN) and Department of National Parks and Wildlife Conservation (DNPWC) to identify the birds during the study. We visited all seven hunting blocks of DHR viz. Barse, Dogadi, Fagune, Ghustung, Seng, Sundaha and Surtibang blocks and observed the birds in two season viz. winter and summer throughout the year 2012. We observed the birds carefully by the help of binoculars took photographs with digital camera and compared that photo with the photos of book to identify the birds. We also interviewed local people and DHR staffs to identify birds and their threats during the study.

Results and Discussion

We recorded one hundred forty nine species of birds in DHR (**Table 1**). Out of them, *Catreus wallichii* was globally threat-

Table 1.

Bird of Dhorpatan Hunting Reserve (DHR), identified during the survey periods in 2012.

| S.N. | Common name | Scientific name | Order | Family | Conservation status | CITIES Appendix |
|------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Mallard | <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> | Anseriformes | Anatidae | | |
| 2 | Ruddy Shelduck | <i>Tadorna ferruginea</i> | Anseriformes | Anatidae | | |
| 3 | Black Eagle | <i>Ictinaetus malayensis</i> | Ciconiformis | Accipitridae | II | |
| 4 | Cinereous Vulture | <i>Aegypius monachus</i> | Ciconiformis | Accipitridae | II | |
| 5 | Himalayan Griffon | <i>Gyps himalayensis</i> | Ciconiformis | Accipitridae | II | |
| 6 | Pallas's Fish Eagle | <i>Haliaeetus leucoryphus</i> | Ciconiformis | Accipitridae | II | |
| 7 | Ibisbill | <i>Idiorhyncha struthersii</i> | Ciconiformis | Charadriidae | | |
| 8 | Common Krestrel | <i>Falco tinnunculus</i> | Ciconiformis | Falconidae | II | |
| 9 | Little Stint | <i>Calidris minuta</i> | Ciconiformis | Scolopacidae | | |
| 10 | Curlew Sandpiper | <i>Calidris ferruginea</i> | Ciconiformis | Scolopacidae | | |
| 11 | Hill Pigeon | <i>Columba rupestris</i> | Columbiformes | Columbidae | | |
| 12 | Oriental Turtle Dove | <i>Streptopelia orientalis</i> | Columbiformes | Columbidae | | |
| 13 | Rock Pigeon | <i>Columba livia</i> | Columbiformes | Columbidae | | |
| 14 | Snow Pigeon | <i>Columba palumbus</i> | Columbiformes | Columbidae | | |
| 15 | Speckled Wood Pigeon | <i>Columba hodgsonii</i> | Columbiformes | Columbidae | | |
| 16 | Spotted Dove | <i>Streptopelia chinensis</i> | Columbiformes | Columbidae | | |
| 17 | Blood Pheasant | <i>Ithaginis cruentus</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | II | |
| 18 | Cheer Pheasant | <i>Catreus wallichii</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | GT, NP | I |
| 19 | Hill Partridge | <i>Arborophila torqueola</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | | |
| 20 | Himalayan Monal | <i>Lophophorus impejanus</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | NP | I |
| 21 | Kalij Pheasant | <i>Lophura leucomelanos</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | | |
| 22 | Koklas Pheasant | <i>Pucrasia macrolopha</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | | |
| 23 | Satyr Tragopan | <i>Tragopan satyra</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | NP | III |
| 24 | Snow Partridge | <i>Lerwa lerwa</i> | Galliformis | Phasianidae | | |
| 25 | White-Throated Tit | <i>Aegithalos niveogularis</i> | Passeriformes | Aegithalidae | | |
| 26 | Oriental Skylark | <i>Alauda gulgula</i> | Passeriformes | Alaudidae | | |
| 27 | Winter Wren | <i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i> | Passeriformes | Certhiidae | | |
| 28 | Brown Dipper | <i>Cinclus pallasii</i> | Passeriformes | Cinclidae | | |
| 29 | Hill Prinia | <i>Prinia atrogularis</i> | Passeriformes | Cisticolidae | | |
| 30 | Striated Prinia | <i>Prinia criniger</i> | Passeriformes | Cisticolidae | | |
| 31 | Zitting Cisticola | <i>Cisticola juncidis</i> | Passeriformes | Cisticolidae | | |
| 32 | Ashy Drongo | <i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i> | Passeriformes | Corvidae | | |
| 33 | Common Raven | <i>Corvus corax</i> | Passeriformes | Corvidae | | |
| 34 | Common Iora | <i>Aegithina tiphia</i> | Passeriformes | Corvidae | | |

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|----|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 35 | Eurasian Golden Oriole | <i>Oriolus oriolus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 36 | House Crow | <i>Corvus splendens</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 37 | Large-Billed Crow | <i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 38 | Rufous Treepie | <i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 39 | Short-Billed Minivet | <i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 40 | Spotted Nutcracker | <i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 41 | Yellow-Billed Blue Magpie | <i>Urocissa flavirostris</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 42 | Yellow-Billed Chough | <i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 43 | Yellow-Billed Fantail | <i>Rhipidura hypoxantha</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 44 | White-Throated Fantail | <i>Rhipidura albicollis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Corvidae</i> |
| 45 | Beautiful Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus pulcherrimus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 46 | Blanford's Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus rubescens</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 47 | Collard Grosbeak | <i>Mycerobas affinis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 48 | Common Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus erythrinus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 49 | Creasted Bunting | <i>Melophus lathami</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 50 | Dark-Rumped Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus edwardsii</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 51 | Fire-Fronted Serin | <i>Serinus pusillus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 52 | Little Bunting | <i>Emberiza pusilla</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 53 | Pine Bunting | <i>Emberiza leucocephalos</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 54 | Pink-Browed Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus rodochrous</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 55 | Red-Fronted Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus puniceus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 56 | Rock Bunting | <i>Emberiza cia</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 57 | Scarlet Finch | <i>Haematoxpiza sipahi</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 58 | Streaked Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus rubicilloides</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 59 | Twite | <i>Carduelis flavirostris</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 60 | Vinaceous Rosefinch | <i>Carpodacus vinaceus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 61 | White-Winged Grosbeak | <i>Mycerobas carnipes</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 62 | Yellow-Breasted Greenfinch | <i>Carduelis spinoides</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Fringillidae</i> |
| 63 | Barn Swallow | <i>Hirundo rustica</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Hirundinidae</i> |
| 64 | Black-Backed Forktail | <i>Enicurus immaculatus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 65 | Black Redstrat | <i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 66 | Blue-Capped Redstrat | <i>Phoenicurus coeruleocephalus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 67 | Blue-Fronted Redstrat | <i>Phoenicurus frontalis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 68 | Common Stonechat | <i>Saxicola torquata</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 69 | Dark-Sided Flycatcher | <i>Muscicapa sibirica</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 70 | Dark-Thorated Thrush | <i>Turdus ruficollis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 71 | Dusky Thrush | <i>Turdus naumanni</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |

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|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 72 | Eurasian Blackbird | <i>Turdus merula</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 73 | Golden Bush Robin | <i>Tarsiger chrysogenys</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 74 | Grandala | <i>Grandala coelicolor</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 75 | Grey Bushchat | <i>Saxicola ferrea</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 76 | Grey-Winged Blackbird | <i>Turdus boulboul</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 77 | Hodgson's Redstart | <i>Phoenicurus hodgsoni</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 78 | Indian Blue Robin | <i>Luscinia brunnea</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 79 | Kessler's Thrush | <i>Turdus kessleri</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 80 | Mistle Thrush | <i>Turdus viscivorus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 81 | Orange-Flanked Bush Robin | <i>Tarsiger cyanurus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 82 | Orental Magpie Robin | <i>Copsychus saularis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 83 | Pied Bushchat | <i>Saxicola caprata</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 84 | Plumbeous Water Redstart | <i>Rhyacornis fuliginosus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 85 | Purple Cochoa | <i>Cochlea purpurea</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 86 | Red-Thorated Flycatcher | <i>Ficedula parva</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 87 | Rufous-Brested Bush Robin | <i>Tarsiger hyperythrus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 88 | Rufous-Gorgeted Flycatcher | <i>Ficedula strophiata</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 89 | Rusty-Tailed Flycatcher | <i>Muscicapa ruficauda</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 90 | White-Browed Bush Robin | <i>Tarsiger indicus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 91 | White-Bellied Redstart | <i>Hodgsonius phaenicuroides</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 92 | White-Capped Water Redstart | <i>Chaimarronis leucocephalus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 93 | White-Collard Blackbird | <i>Turdus albocinctus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 94 | White-Gorgeted Flycatcher | <i>Ficedula monileger</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 95 | White-Tailed Robin | <i>Myioma leucura</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 96 | White-Throated Redstart | <i>Phoenicurus schisticeps</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Muscicapidae</i> |
| 97 | Black-Lored Tit | <i>Parus xanthogenys</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Paridae</i> |
| 98 | Coal Tit | <i>Parus ater</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Paridae</i> |
| 99 | Fire-Capped Tit | <i>Cephalopyrus flammiceps</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Paridae</i> |
| 100 | Green-Backed Tit | <i>Parus monticolus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Paridae</i> |
| 101 | Rufous-Naped Tit | <i>Parus rufonuchalis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Paridae</i> |
| 102 | Rufous-Vented Tit | <i>Parus rubidiventris</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Paridae</i> |
| 103 | Alpine Accentor | <i>Prunella collaris</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 104 | Altai Accentor | <i>Prunella himalayana</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 105 | Brown Accentor | <i>Prunella fulvescens</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 106 | Citrine Wagtail | <i>Motacilla citreola</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 107 | Grey Wagtail | <i>Motacilla cinerea</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 108 | House Sparrow | <i>Passer domesticus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |

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|-----|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 109 | Olive-Backed Pipit | <i>Anthus hodgsoni</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 110 | Paddyfield Pipit | <i>Anthus rufulus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 111 | Red-Thorated Pipit | <i>Anthus cervinus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 112 | Robin Accentor | <i>Prunella rubeculoides</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 113 | Rosy Pipit | <i>Anthus roseostus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 114 | Tree Pipit | <i>Anthus trivialis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 115 | Upland Pipit | <i>Anthus sylvanus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 116 | Yellow Wagtail | <i>Motacilla flava</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Passeridae</i> |
| 117 | Long-Tailed Shrike | <i>Lanius schach</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Pittidae</i> |
| 118 | Black Bulbul | <i>Hypsipetes leucocephalus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Pycnonotidae</i> |
| 119 | Himalayan Bulbul | <i>Pycnonotus leucogenys</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Pycnonotidae</i> |
| 120 | Striated Bulbul | <i>Pycnonotus melanicterus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Pycnonotidae</i> |
| 121 | Goldcrest | <i>Regulus regulus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Regulidae</i> |
| 122 | Black-Faced Laughinthrush | <i>Garrulax affinis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 123 | Black-Throated Parrotbill | <i>Paradoxornis nipensis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 124 | Brownish-Flanked Bush Warbler | <i>Cettia fortipes</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 125 | Chesnut-Crowned Bush Warbler | <i>Cettia major</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 126 | Great Parrotbill | <i>Conostoma oemodium</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 127 | Greenish Warbler | <i>Phylloscopus trochiloides</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 128 | Grey-Hooded Warbler | <i>Seicercus xanthoschistos</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 129 | Hoary-Thorated Barwing | <i>Actinodura nipalensis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 130 | Hume's Warbler | <i>Phylloscopus humei</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 131 | Jungle Babbler | <i>Turdoides striatus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 132 | Large-Billed Leaf Warbler | <i>Phylloscopus magnirostris</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 133 | Rufus-Vented Yuhina | <i>Yuhina occipitalis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 134 | Slender-Billed Scimitar Babbler | <i>Xiphirhynchus superciliaris</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 135 | Straited Laughinthrush | <i>Garrulax striatus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 136 | Streaked Laughinthrush | <i>Garrulax lineatus</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 137 | Variegated Laughinthrush | <i>Garrulax variegates</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 138 | Whistler's Warbler | <i>Seicercus whistleri</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 139 | White-Browed Tit Warbler | <i>Leptopoecile sophiae</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 140 | White-Created Laughingthrush | <i>Garrulax monileger</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 141 | White-Throated Laughingthrush | <i>Garrulax albogularis</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 142 | Yellow-Bellied Warbler | <i>Abroscopus superciliaris</i> | <i>Passeriformes</i> | <i>Sylviidae</i> |
| 143 | Crimson-Brested Woodpecker | <i>Dendrocopos cathpharius</i> | <i>Piciformes</i> | <i>Indicatoridae</i> |
| 144 | Greater Flameback | <i>Chrysocolaptes lucidus</i> | <i>Piciformes</i> | <i>Indicatoridae</i> |
| 145 | Rufous-Bellied Woodpecker | <i>Dendrocopos hyperythrus</i> | <i>Piciformes</i> | <i>Indicatoridae</i> |

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|-----|---------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------|----|
| 146 | Little Owl | <i>Athene noctua</i> | Strigiformes | Strigidae | II |
| 147 | Spotted Owlet | <i>Athene brama</i> | Strigiformes | Strigidae | II |
| 148 | Tawny Owl | <i>Strix aluco</i> | Strigiformes | Strigidae | II |
| 149 | Common Hoopoe | <i>Upupa epops</i> | Upupiformes | Upupidae | |

Note: GT: Globally Threatened, NP: Nationally Protected.

**Figure 1.**

Dhorpatan hunting reserve, Nepal.

ened bird which has faced different anthropogenic problem.

C. wallichii, *Lophophorus impejanus*, *Tragopan satyra* are nationally protected birds found in the reserve. *C. wallichii* and *L. impejanus* are included in CITIES appendix I (BCN and DNPWC 2012).

We recorded 9 species which are included in CITIES appendix II and one species which is included in CITIES appendix III. Most of the species of order Passeriformis were recorded. Only one species of order Upupiformes i.e. *Upupa epops* was recorded during the study.

This study showed that snares were main threats of birds. Local people used snares to capture large sized birds such as *Arborophila torqueola*, *Catreus wallichii*, *Ithaginis cruentus*, *Lophophorus impejanus*, *Lophura leucomelanos*, *Pucrasia macrolopha* and *Tragopan satyra* for fulfillment of meat.

We recorded snares in two places viz. Karichaur in Fagune block and Rukhacahur in Barse block. Small children killed small sized forest birds due to lack of awareness. The present study provided basic information on birds of DHR. However further species wise information is needed. Distribution and detail threats identification of globally threatened and nationally protected species are further recommended study in DHR.

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