

Study of Seals on Long Stroke and Reciprocating Motion Condition

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ABSTRACT

The equipment has a high and strict requirement of dynamic seals, especially working with Long stroke reciprocating motion under a sandy condition and with a great deal of gas. The seal form of power cylinder on the underground part of hydraulic power rodless type oil extraction equipment is studied. We design three seal structures, do the performance testing and the life testing with related equipment. It turned out that the seal form that combines gap seal with sand prevention techniques has high performance, longer life. The power cylinder works stably and reliably.

Keywords: Dynamic Seals; Long Stroke; Reciprocating Motion; Gap Seal; Composite Seal

1. Introduction

Dynamic seal is an important part of the machinery, it plays an important role on security, reliability and equipment life and operation reliability [1].

Dynamic seal also directly affect the economy of energy and material. According to the survey, friction bring a very big damage on the surface of sealing, for example, in centrifugal impeller seal consumed power take up more than 20% of the total shaft power, for example [2].

Dynamic seal has a high and strict requirement for the power cylinder of oil extraction equipment which works with long stroke reciprocating motion under a sandy condition and with a great deal of gas. The cylinder of hydraulic power rodless type oil extraction equipment works in the liquid, which may contain oil, water, gas and sand, the axial movement of the dynamic seal is very difficult, the aggravation of abrasion will cause serious loss. The working stroke of hydraulic power rodless type oil extraction equipment is 3 m - 5 m, much longer than conventional hydraulic equipment, so the life of dynamic seal have a great influence on the life of the whole system. The dynamic seal problem is a bottleneck problem.

We designed three combined seal forms, such as soft seal, piston seal ring and gap seal, aiming at a better sealing of power cylinder underground, and studied the life test technology.

2. Dynamic Sealing Structure Design

In many important machines, usually we combined many sealing forms for a reliable sealing effect. [3] We do

many researches and analysis of soft seal, piston seal ring and gap seal on the basis of conventional sealing forms, we also design many seal forms to find a combined dynamic sealing form suits for hydraulic power rodless type oil extraction equipment.

2.1. Soft Seal

When soft seal work is under low pressure condition, it is sealed by elastic of the seal ring; when under high pressure condition, it is sealed by the elastic and the pressure of the fluid. The higher the pressure, the more reliable of the seal, the less of the leakage, even no leakage. The section of the seal ring has 3 forms: Y-shape, V-shape, and O-shape. But it needs fluid to be very clean, because solid impurities can lead to a quicker damage to the seal, and result in the failure of the seal for excessive wear.

We take the conventional soft seal form and better combined sealing material in our system. We design sand control structure with a soft seal, the structure of combined seal shown in **Figure 1**.

2.2. Unnotched Piston Seal Ring

Designed an unnotched piston seal ring specific for the request and feature of combined seal structure, as shown in **Figure 2**. Piston ring is made by Tungsten copper chromium, CrMoCu, vanadium and titanium alloy, etc. and its surface is hardened (higher than HRC60). Piston ring has wear-resisting, high temperature resistance, good bending strength, strong sealing, etc. The piston seal ring structure combined with sand control is shown in **Figure 2**.

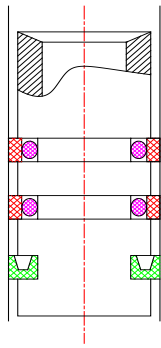


Figure 1. Structure diagram of the combined seal.



Figure 2. Picture of the unnotched piston seal ring.

2.3. Gap Seal

Gap seal is a non-contact form seal. Gap between shaft and the hole of bearing cover is the simplest structure. By analyzing the operation of the power cylinder process, we find two key positions of seal: position between power pipe and cylinder, and position between piston and power cylinder, they all do reciprocating motion with each other. We combine sand control structure with gap seal in this dynamic seal.

3. Special Test Equipment for Seal

To test the practical effect of our design proposal, a life test equipment of seal is specially designed and manufactured. Then laboratory simulation test is done to observe the life, performance, friction, leakage.

3.1. Friction Testing Machine

Friction testing machine is driven by electricity, which can realize reciprocating motion rapidly about 50 times per minute. So it can test the life of many seals quickly, and provide an effective means for preliminary selection of sealing method, as shown in **Figure 3**.

3.2. Dynamic Seal Simulator Test

To test dynamic seal simulated condition, a dynamic seal condition simulator is designed to test the life of seal. The simulator consists of hydraulic station, test bed, test cylinder, the structure and picture of seal shown in **Figure 4**.

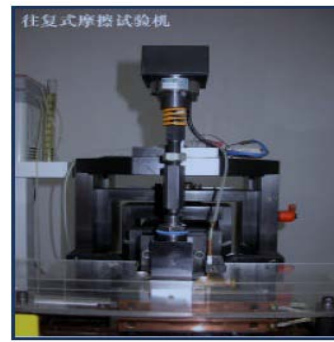


Figure 3. Friction testing machine.

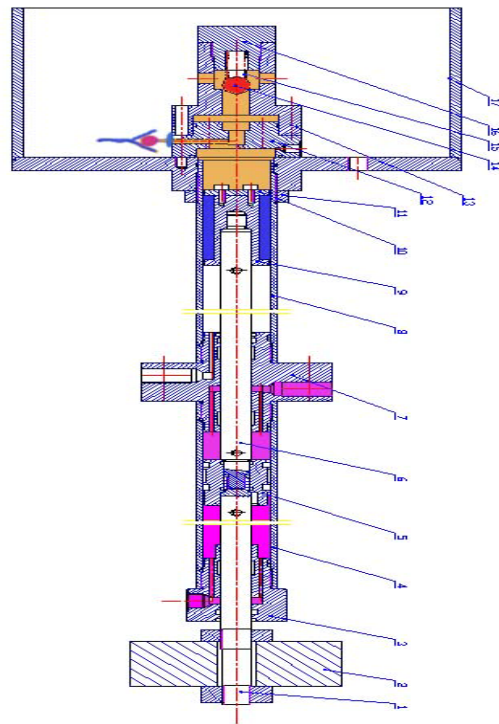


Figure 4. The structure of life test equipment.

The device is driven by hydraulic station, make the piston rod do the reciprocate movement. The seal between piston rod and cylinder is to be tested. Test medium is water, and the leakage can be detected. We have PCV on the device to suit for the different condition.

We control the direction of relay by electronic timer, and adjust the reversing time freely. The testing simulates the working condition of hydraulic pump basically.

3.3. Field Test Equipment of Hydraulic Pump

With a test well the system simulation experiment is carried to observe the life of dynamic seal.

The power cylinder is mounted with specific seal on the test well. The test well is 50 meters depth and the internal diameter of drivepipe is 159 millimeter. Increase the wellhead pressure to simulate the depth of power cylinder under the well. Then run the device all day and record the change of leakage to test the life of seal.

4. Laboratory Test and Field Test

Many different simulation tests are carried to the sealing forms designed. The procedure as follow: Firstly, use pump simulation to test the specific sealing form with

fiction testing machine and life testing equipment, compare the life of different seal forms through the change of leakage. Secondly, run the device on the well continually to test their performance.

Three seal forms preliminary test data are shown in **Table 1**. Partial laboratory simulation data as **Figures 5-8**.

Result of laboratory Test

1) Life of standard soft seal is 7 days in underground condition.

2) Unnotched piston seal ring has better performance than soft seal and works well in a certain range of leakage. But it has a much big leakage that more than 60 L at 5 MPa after 20 days.

3) Leakage of gap seal ring with 300 mm gap length arrives 50 L after 20 days.

4) Service life of gap seal ring with 300 mm gap length is more than 180 days, when it works in underground condition. And its leakage (20 L/d @5MPa) can meet the requirement of hydraulic well pump.

5. Conclusion

According to the theoretical analysis and experimental

Table 1. Three seal forms from preliminary test data.

NO.	STRUCTURE	MATERIAL	LENGTH OF SEAL	DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE (MPa)
1	Soft seal	polyurethane	-	
2	unnotched piston seal ring	35 CrMo	3 - 5 groups	2
			3/group	3
			150 mm	4
3	gap seal	Piston rod: The thickness of the spray welding is 0.4 - 0.5 mm Pump cylinder: 35CrMo, carbonitriding	300 mm	5
			400 mm	6
			500 mm	

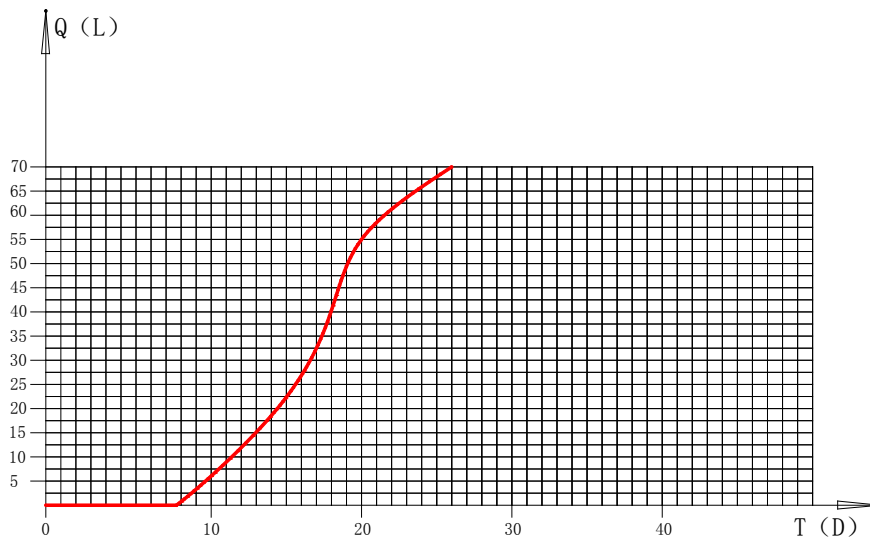


Figure 5. Leakage change curve over time-soft seal at 2 Mpa differential pressure.

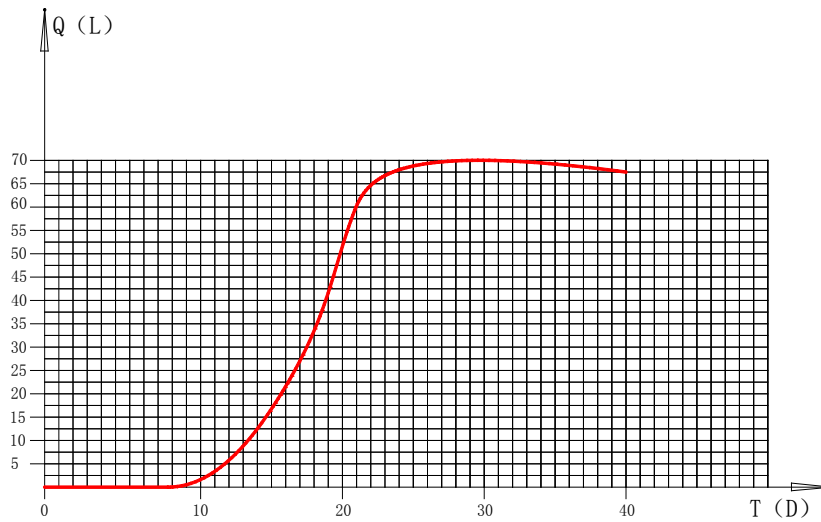


Figure 6. Leakage change curve over time-combined piston seal ring at 5Mpa differential pressure.

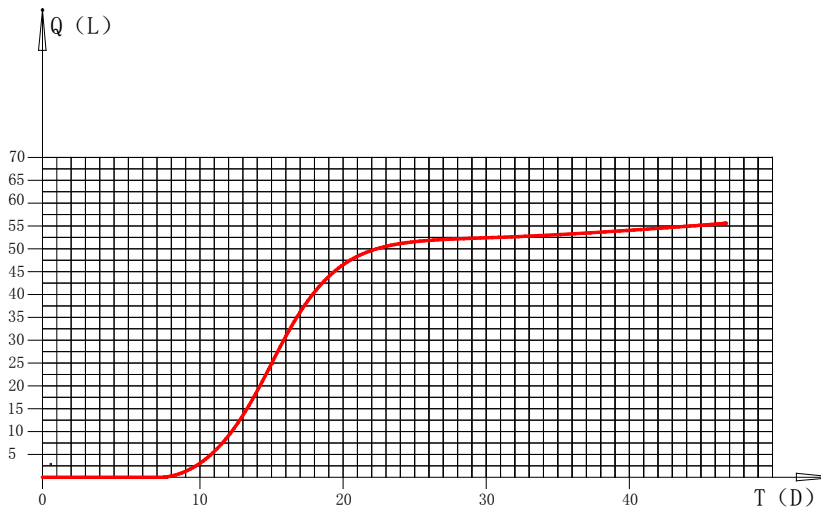


Figure 7. Leakage change curve over time-gap gap seal ring at 5 Mpa differential pressure (length of gap is 150 mm).

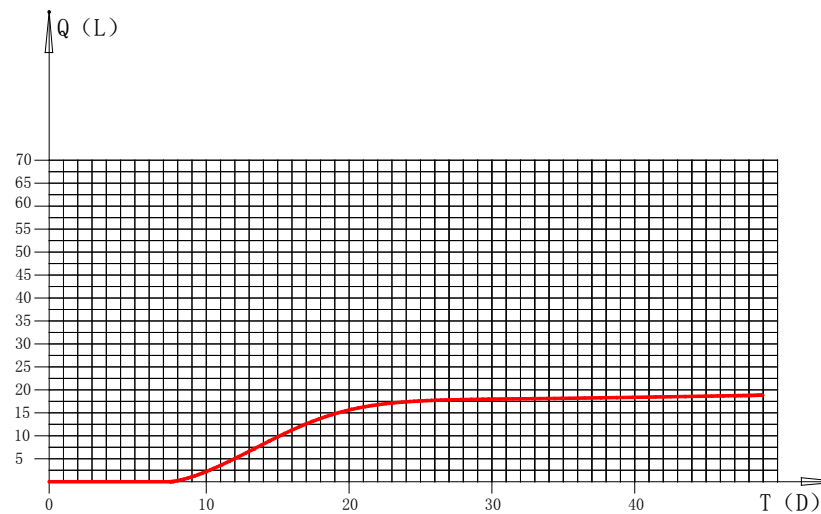


Figure 8. Leakage change curve over time-gap gap seal ring at 5 Mpa differential pressure (length of gap is 300 mm).

study of these sealing forms above, piston seal ring has a better performance than soft seal, but neither of them suits our condition, because they all have big leakage and short life. Gap seal ring has a well sealing effect, longer life, less leakage (in the allowed range) and running steadily. Combination seal form with gap seal ring and sand control structure is suitable for the operating condition of hydraulic pump, and it also meets the requirement of sand control and the requirement of power cylinder meanwhile.

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