ISSN: 2163-0283 Volume 7, Number 2, April 2017

C

ISSN: 2163-0283



International Journal of Intelligence Science

6

0

Ó

www.scirp.org/journal/ijis

Journal Editorial Board

ISSN: 2163-0283 (Print) ISSN: 2163-0356 (Online) http://www.scirp.org/journal/ijis/

Editor-in-Chief

Editorial Board

Prof. Agnar Aamodt	Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Norway				
Dr. Benny Cheung	The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, China				
Prof. Ruan Da	Belgian Nuclear Research Centre, Belgium				
Prof. Hugo de Garis	Xiamen University, China				
Prof. Ben Goertzel	Novamente LLC, Rockville, MD, USA				
Dr. Hafiz M. R. Khan	Florida International University, USA				
Prof. David B. Leake	Indiana University, USA				
Prof. Jiye Liang	Shanxi University, China				
Prof. Yuejia Luo	Shenzhen University, China				
Prof. Filippo Neri	University of Naples "Federico Ii", Italy				
Prof. Paul S. Rosenbloom	University of Southern California, USA				
Prof. Sukumar Senthilkumar	Vellore Institute of Technology-University, India				
Prof. Maolin Tang	Queensland University of Technology, Australia				
Prof. Sunil Vadera	University of Salford, UK				
Prof. Guoyin Wang	Chongqing Institute of Green and Intelligent Technology, CAS, China				
Prof. Philip S. Yu	University of Illinois, USA				
Prof. Jean-Daniel Zucker	University Paris 6 and IRD, France				



Table of Contents

Volume 7 Number 2

April 2017

A Rough Set Based Optimization Method for Elderly Evaluation

International Journal of Intelligence Science (IJIS) Journal Information

SUBSCRIPTIONS

The *International Journal of Intelligence Science* (Online at Scientific Research Publishing, <u>www.SciRP.org</u>) is published quarterly by Scientific Research Publishing, Inc., USA.

Subscription rates: Print: \$79 per issue. To subscribe, please contact Journals Subscriptions Department, E-mail: <u>sub@scirp.org</u>

SERVICES

Advertisements Advertisement Sales Department, E-mail: service@scirp.org

Reprints (minimum quantity 100 copies) Reprints Co-ordinator, Scientific Research Publishing, Inc., USA. E-mail: <u>sub@scirp.org</u>

COPYRIGHT

Copyright and reuse rights for the front matter of the journal:

Copyright © 2017 by Scientific Research Publishing Inc. This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution International License (CC BY). http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

Copyright for individual papers of the journal:

Copyright © 2017 by author(s) and Scientific Research Publishing Inc.

Reuse rights for individual papers:

Note: At SCIRP authors can choose between CC BY and CC BY-NC. Please consult each paper for its reuse rights.

Disclaimer of liability

Statements and opinions expressed in the articles and communications are those of the individual contributors and not the statements and opinion of Scientific Research Publishing, Inc. We assume no responsibility or liability for any damage or injury to persons or property arising out of the use of any materials, instructions, methods or ideas contained herein. We expressly disclaim any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. If expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional person should be sought.

PRODUCTION INFORMATION

For manuscripts that have been accepted for publication, please contact: E-mail: <u>ijis@scirp.org</u>

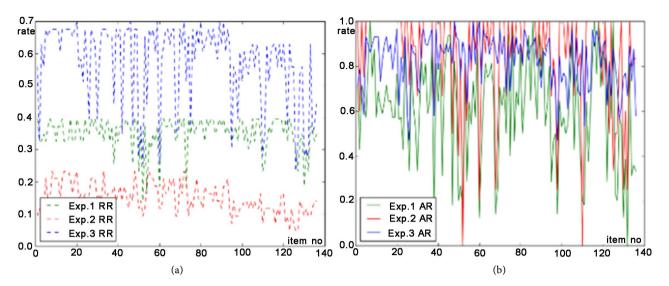


Figure 11. RR and AR of Exp.1, Exp.2 and Exp.3.

Table 12. indexes of three experiments.

No	rr	DC(rr)	ar	DC (ar)	F
<i>Exp</i> .1	34.97%	0.15	61.21%	0.38	0.43
<i>Exp</i> .2	14.93%	0.31	85.95%	0.26	0.25
Exp.3	57.23%	0.22	82.42%	0.14	0.67

As **Table 12** shows, the *rr* of Exp.3 is higher than Exp.1 and Exp.2 while the *rr* stability of Exp.3 is between others; the *ar* stability of Exp.3 is higher than Exp.1 and Exp.2 while the *ar* is between others. Generally, the *F* value of Exp.3 is much higher than Exp.1 and Exp.2.

6. Conclusions

This paper proposes a method for optimize the elderly evaluation model with the rough set theory. The method proposed in this paper is tested in the Lime Family Company. Real-life result shows that the method can reduce more than 40% items with over 90% accuracy prediction rate. Compared with commonly used methods in industry, our method has good performance on both reduction rate and accuracy. For example, compared with decision tree, our method has the same reduction rate performance and 20% improvement on average in accuracy. Compared with expert knowledge based methods, our method has the same accuracy performance and can reduce more than 30% items of evaluation. Our method helps to promote the efficiency of the evaluation process.

Future work includes analyzing the impact of parameter settings on the evaluation results, investigating the different importance among items, and validating with data from more companies.

Acknowledgements

This work is supported by the National High Technology Research and Devel-

opment Program ("863" Program) of China under Grant No.2015AA016009, the National Natural Science Foundation of China under Grant No.61232005. The authors wish to thank Lei Yang from Lime Family Company, who provides us the evaluation data for 200 elderly persons.

References

- [1] Mahoney, F.I. and Barthel, D. (1965) Functional Evaluation: The Barthel Index. *Maryland State Medical Journal*, **14**, 56-61.
- [2] MZ/T 039-2013 (2014) Ability Assessment for Elder Adults. Standards Press of China, Beijing.
- [3] Prieto, L., Alonso, J. and Lamarca, R. (2003) Classical Test Theory versus Rasch Analysis for Quality of Life Questionnaire Reduction. *Health & Quality of Life Outcomes*, 1, 1035-1039.
- [4] Fernandez, E. and Boyle, G.J. (2001) Affective and Evaluative Descriptors of Pain in the McGill Pain Questionnaire: Reduction and Reorganization. *Journal of Pain Official Journal of the American Pain Society*, 2, 318-325. https://doi.org/10.1054/jpai.2001.xbcorr25530
- [5] Gurlitz, M. (2015) Forecasting SPEAK Test Score from TOEFL Score: A Bayesian Model for Screening International Teaching Assistants. *Systems & Information Engineering Design Symposium*, Charlottesville, VA, 24 April 2015, 188-193. https://doi.org/10.1109/SIEDS.2015.7116971
- [6] Panigrahi, S.S. and Mantri, J.K. (2015) Epsilon-SVR and Decision Tree for Stock Market Forecasting. *International Conference on Green Computing & Internet of Things. Greater Noida*, Delhi, 8-10 October 2015, 761-766. https://doi.org/10.1109/ICGCIoT.2015.7380565
- [7] Liu, C. and Jiang, Q. (2009) Mixed Financial Forecasting Index System Construct and Financial Forecasting Study on the C4.5 Decision Tree. *International Conference on Management & Service Science*, Wuhan, 16-18 September, 1-4. https://doi.org/10.1109/ICMSS.2009.5302147
- [8] Anh, L.T.N., Dau, H.X. and Phuong, N.H. (2015) Cholera Forecast Based on Association Rule Mining. *IEEE* 2015 International Conference on Communications, Management and Telecommunications (ComManTel), DaNang, Vietnam, 28-30 December 2015, 133-137. <u>https://doi.org/10.1109/ComManTel.2015.7394274</u>
- [9] Feng, H., Chen, Y., Ni, Q. and Huang, J. (2014) A New Rough Set Based Classification Rule Generation Algorithm (RGI). *International Conference on Computational Science & Computational Intelligence*, Las Vegas, 10-13 March 2014, 380-385.
- [10] Chen, Y., Qiujianlin, Chen jianping, Chen, L. and Pan, Y. (2012) A Parallel Rough Set Attribute Reduction Algorithm Based on Attribute Frequency. *International Conference on Fuzzy Systems & Knowledge Discovery*, Chongqing, 29-31 May 2012, 211-215. <u>https://doi.org/10.1109/FSKD.2012.6233881</u>
- [11] Sakai, H., Wu, M. and Yamaguchi, N. (2014) On the Definability of a Set and Rough Set-Based Rule Generation. *International Conference on Advanced Applied Informatics*, Kita-Kyushu, 31 August-4 September 2014, 122-125. https://doi.org/10.1109/IIAI-AAI.2014.34
- [12] Liu, Z. and Li, Y. (2009) A New Heuristic Algorithm of Rules Generation Based on Rough Sets. *International Seminar on Business & Information Management*, 1, 291-294.
- [13] Pawlak, Z.I. (1982) Rough Set. International Journal of Computer & Information

Sciences, 11, 341-356. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF01001956

- [14] Pawlak, Z., Grzymala-Busse, J., Slowinski, R. and Ziarko, W. (1995) Rough Set. Communications of the ACM, 38, 800-805. <u>https://doi.org/10.1145/219717.219791</u>
- [15] Hu, Q., Zhang, L., An, S., Zhang, D. and Yu, D. (2012) On Robust Fuzzy Rough Set Models. *IEEE Transactions on Fuzzy Systems*, 20, 636-651. https://doi.org/10.1109/TFUZZ.2011.2181180
- [16] Chen, H., Li, T., Ruan, D., Lin, J. and Hu, C. (2013) A Rough-Set-Based Incremental Approach for Updating Approximations under Dynamic Maintenance Environments. *IEEE Transactions on Knowledge & Data Engineering*, 25, 274-284. https://doi.org/10.1109/TKDE.2011.220
- [17] Liang, J., Wang, F., Dang, C. and Qian, Y. (2014) A Group Incremental Approach to Feature Selection Applying Rough Set Technique. *IEEE Transactions on Knowledge* & Data Engineering, 26, 294-308. https://doi.org/10.1109/TKDE.2012.146
- [18] Huang, H.H. and Kuo, Y.H. (2011) Cross-Lingual Document Representation and Semantic Similarity Measure: A Fuzzy Set and Rough Set Based Approach. *IEEE Transactions on Fuzzy Systems*, 18, 1098-1111. https://doi.org/10.1109/TFUZZ.2010.2065811
- [19] Maji, P. and Garai, P. (2013) Fuzzy-Rough Simultaneous Attribute Selection and Feature Extraction Algorithm. *IEEE Transactions on Cybernetics*, 43, 1166-1177. <u>https://doi.org/10.1109/TSMCB.2012.2225832</u>
- [20] Albanese, A., Pal, S.K. and Petrosino, A. (2014) Rough Sets, Kernel Set, and Spatiotemporal Outlier Detection. *IEEE Transactions on Knowledge & Data Engineering*, 26, 194-207. <u>https://doi.org/10.1109/TKDE.2012.234</u>
- [21] Gersho, A. and Gray, R.M. (2003) Codecell Convexity in Optimal Entropy-Constrained Vector Quantization. *IEEE Transactions on Information Theory*, **49**, 1821-1828. https://doi.org/10.1109/TIT.2003.813478
- [22] Zhu, W. and Wang, F. (2007) On Three Types of Covering-Based Rough Sets. *IEEE Transactions on Knowledge & Data Engineering*, **19**, 1131-1144. https://doi.org/10.1109/TKDE.2007.1044

Scientific Research Publishing

Submit or recommend next manuscript to SCIRP and we will provide best service for you:

Accepting pre-submission inquiries through Email, Facebook, LinkedIn, Twitter, etc. A wide selection of journals (inclusive of 9 subjects, more than 200 journals) Providing 24-hour high-quality service User-friendly online submission system Fair and swift peer-review system Efficient typesetting and proofreading procedure Display of the result of downloads and visits, as well as the number of cited articles Maximum dissemination of your research work

Submit your manuscript at: <u>http://papersubmission.scirp.org/</u> Or contact <u>ijis@scirp.org</u>

Call for Papers



International Journal of Intelligence Science

ISSN: 2163-0283 (Print) ISSN: 2163-0356 (Online) http://www.scirp.org/journal/ijis

Intelligent science is an interdisciplinary subject which dedicates to joint research on basic theory and technology of intelligence by brain science, cognitive science, artificial intelligence and others. The journal will provide an international forum for researchers, scholars, and engineers in above area to publish high quality and refereed papers, disseminate latest theoretical results as well as their applications in this field all over the world.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Zhongzhi Shi

Chinese Academy of Sciences, China

All manuscripts must be prepared in English, and are subject to a rigorous and fair peer-review process. Accepted papers will immediately appear online followed by printed hard copy. The journal publishes original papers including but not limited to the following fields:

- © Artificial Brain
- O Artificial Intelligence
- © Brain Science
- © Brain-Like Computers
- O Cognitive Neuroscience
- O Cognitive Science
- © Emotion
- Intelligent Computers
- Intelligent Robots
- O Intelligent Systems

- © Learning
- © Linguistic Cognition
- © Memory
- ◎ Mind Modelling
- O Multi-Agent Systems
- ◎ Nature of Consciousness
- © Perception
- O Thought
- © Web Intelligence

We are also interested in: 1) Review articles on special topics of general interest; 2) Notes and communications; 3) Perspective survey; 4) Book reviews.

Website and E-Mail

http://www.scirp.org/journal/ijis

E-mail: ijis@scirp.org