# Gordon Life Science Institute and Its Impacts on Computational Biology and Drug Development

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#### ABSTRACT

Gordon Life Science Institute is the first Internet Research Institute ever established in the world. It is a non-profit institute. Those scientists who really dedicate themselves to science and loving science more than anything else can become its member. In the friendly door-opened Institute, they can maximize their time and energy to engage in their scientific creativity. They have also believed that science would be more truthful and wonderful if scientists do not have to spend a lot of time on funding application, and that great scientific findings and creations in history were often made by those who were least supported or funded but driven by interesting imagination and curiosity. Recollected in this review article is its establishing and developing processes, as well as its philosophy and accomplishments. Particularly, its productive and by-productive outcomes have covered the following five very hot topics in bioinformatics and drug development: 1) PseAAC and PseKNC; 2) Disported key theory; 3) Wenxiang diagram; 4) Multi-label system prediction; 5) 5-steps rule. Their impacts on the proteomics and genomics as well as drug development are substantially and awesome.

#### **1. INTRODUCTION**

The Gordon Life Science Institute was established in 2003 and its cradle was in San Diego of California, USA. Its mission is to develop and apply new mathematical tools and physical concepts for understanding biological phenomena. For a briefing about its history and philosophy, click https://gordonlifescience.org/GordonLifeScience.html.

The Institute is a newly emerging academic organization in the Age of Information and Internet, founded by Professor Dr. Kuo-Chen Chou, right after he was retired from Pfizer Global Research and Development in 2003. Its mission is to develop and apply new mathematical tools and physical concepts for

understanding biological phenomena.

The Institute's name reflects an interesting historical story. After the Cultural Revolution, China started to open its door, the founder was invited by Professor Sture Forsén, the then Chairman of Nobel Prize Committee, to work in Chemical Center of Lund University as a Visiting Professor. To make Swedish people easier to pronounce his name, Professor Chou used "Gordon" as his name in Sweden. About a quarter of century later, the same name was used for the Institute, meaning that "Reform and Opening" and "Free Communication" can stimulate a lot of great creativities.

The current liaison site of Gordon Life Science Institute is in Boston of Massachusetts, USA; gls@gordonlifescience.org.

## 2. MISSION AND ORGANIZATION

The Institute has no physical boundaries. Its members do not have to work in a same building or campus. Distributed over different countries of the world (Figure 1), they shall freely collaborate, exchange ideas, and share information and findings via a variety of modern communication methods. This versatile system allows the members to focus completely on science without having to cope with the troubles in obtaining visas and in paying for relocation expenses, among many others.

The Gordon Life Science Institute is a non-profit organization. It is a gift to science and human beings. Its founding principle is to pursue the excellence in science: anyone who has proved his/her creativity in science can become a member regardless of his/her age, occupation, and nationality. Accordingly, the Institute has provided an ideal society or organization for those scientists who really dedicate themselves to science and loving science more than anything else. In the friendly door-opened Institute, these scientists can maximize their time and energy to engage in their scientific creativity.

Members of the Institute believe science would be more truthful and wonderful if scientists do not have to spend a lot of time on funding application. We also note that great scientific findings and creations in history were often made by those who were least supported or funded but driven by interesting imagination and curiosity. As pointed out by Albert Einstein, "Imagination is more important than knowledge. For knowledge is limited, whereas imagination embraces the entire world, stimulating progress, giving birth to evolution".



Figure 1. A schematic illustration to show the members of Gordon Life Science Institute are distributed over different countries of the world, exchanging ideas and findings via a variety of modern communication methods.

#### **3. ACCOMPLISHMENTS**

Up to March 2019, the Institute has 26 members. Among them 5 have been selected by Thompson Reuter and Clarivate Analytics as the "Highly Cited Researcher": 1) Kuo-Chen Chou for continuously 5 years (2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018), 2) Hong-Bin Shen (2014 and 2015), 3) Wei Chen (2018), 4) Hao Lin (2018), and 5) Xoan Xiao (2018).

Listed below are just some represented works produced by the Gordon Life Science Institute.

### 3.1. Extension of Special PseAAC to the General One

With the explosive growth of biological sequences in the post-genomic era, one of the most challenging problems in computational biology is how to express a biological sequence with a discrete model or a vector, yet still keep considerable sequence-order information or key pattern characteristic. This is because all the existing machine-learning algorithms (such as "Optimization" algorithm [1], "Covariance Discriminant" or "CD" algorithm [2, 3], "Nearest Neighbor" or "NN" algorithm [4], and "Support Vector Machine" or "SVM" algorithm [4, 5]) can only handle vectors as elaborated in a comprehensive review [6]. However, a vector defined in a discrete model may completely lose all the sequence-pattern information. To avoid completely losing the sequence-pattern information for proteins, the pseudo amino acid composition [7] or PseAAC [8] was proposed. Ever since then, it has been widely used in nearly all the areas of computational proteomics [3, 9-61, 58-60, 62-272].

Because it has been widely and increasingly used, four powerful open access soft-wares, called "PseAAC" [273], "PseAAC-Builder" [274], "propy" [275], and "PseAAC-General" [276], were established: the former three are for generating various modes of Chou's special PseAAC [276]; while the 4th one for those of Chou's general PseAAC [278], including not only all the special modes of feature vectors for proteins but also the higher level feature vectors such as "Functional Domain" mode (see Eqs.9-10 of [278]), "Gene Ontology" mode (see Eqs.11-12 of [278]), and "Sequential Evolution" or "PSSM" mode (see Eqs.13-14 of [278]).

## **3.2. Extension of PseAAC to PseKNC**

Encouraged by the successes of using PseAAC to deal with protein/peptide sequences, the concept of PseKNC (Pseudo K-tuple Nucleotide Composition) [279] was developed for generating various feature vectors for DNA/RNA sequences that have proved very useful as well [268, 279-295]. Particularly, in 2015 a very powerful web-server called "Pse-in-One" [296] and its updated version "Pse-in-One2.0" [297] have been established that can be used to generate any desired feature vectors for protein/peptide and DNA/RNA sequences according to the need of users' studies.

#### **3.3. Distorted Key Theory for Peptide Drugs**

According to Fisher's "lock and key" model [298], Koshland's "induced fit" theory [298], and the "rack mechanism" [299], the prerequisite condition for a peptide to be cleaved by the disease-causing enzyme is a good fit and tightly binding with the enzyme's active site (**Figure 2**). However, such a peptide, after a modification on its scissile bond with some simple chemical procedure, will no longer be cleavable by the enzyme but it can still tightly bind to its active site. An illustration about the distorted key theory is given in **Figure 3**, where panel 1) shows an effective binding of a cleavable peptide to the active site of HIV protease, while panel 2) the peptide has become a non-cleavable one after its scissile bond is modified although it can still bind to the active site. Such a modified peptide, or "distorted key", will automatically become an inhibitor candidate against HIV protease. Even for non-peptide inhibitors, the information derived from the cleavable peptides can also provide useful insights about the key binding groups and fitting conformation in the sense of microenvironment. Besides, peptide drugs usually have no toxicity in vivo under the physiological concentration [300]. For more discussion about the distorted key theory, see a comprehensive review paper [301]. It was based on such a distorted key theory that many investigators

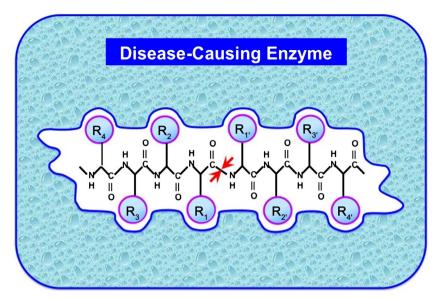


Figure 2. A schematic illustration to show a peptide in good fitting and tightly binding with the enzyme's active site before it is cleaved by the latter. Adapted from [301] with permission.

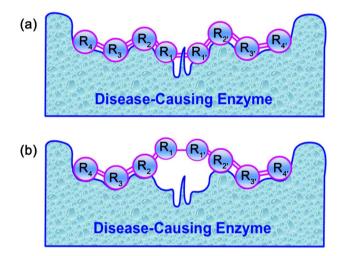


Figure 3. Schematic drawing to illustrate the "Distorted Key" theory, where panel (a) shows an effective binding of a cleavable peptide to the active site of a disease-causing enzyme, while panel (b) the same peptide has become a non-cleavable one after its scissile bond is modified although it can still bind to the active site. Such a modified peptide, or "distorted key", will automatically become an inhibitor candidate against the disease-causing enzyme. Adapted from [301] with permission.

were enthusiastic to develop various methods for predicting the protein cleavage sites by disease-causing enzymes (see, e.g., [300, 302-307]). Furthermore, a web-server called "HIVcleave" [304] has been established for predicting HIV protease cleavage sites in proteins. Its website address is at <a href="http://chou.med.harvard.edu/bioinf/HIV/">http://chou.med.harvard.edu/bioinf/HIV/</a>.

## 3.4. Introduction of Wenxiang Diagram

Using graphic approaches to study biological and medical systems can provide an intuitive vision and useful insights for helping analyze complicated relations therein, as indicated by many previous studies on a series of important biological topics (see, e.g., [308]). The "wenxiang" diagram (Figure 4) [309, 310] is a

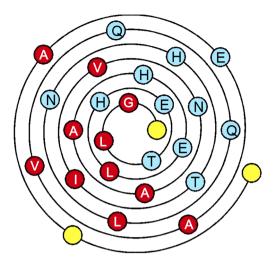


Figure 4. Schematic drawing to show the "wenxiang diagram". Adapted from [309] with permission.

special kind of graphical approach, which is very useful for in-depth studying protein-protein interaction mechanism [311, 312]. Also, the wenxiang diagram has also been used to study drug-metabolism system [313]. The name of "wenxiang" came from that its shape looks quite like the Chinese wenxiang (蚊香), a coil-like incense widely used in China to repel mosquitos. In the wenxiang graphs each residue is represented by a circle with a letter to indicate its code: a hydrophobic residue is denoted by a filled circle with a white code symbol, a hydrophilic residue is denoted by an open circle with a black code symbol, whereas the invalid residue is denoted by a yellow-filled circle.

## 3.5. Predictors for Multi-Label Systems

Information of subcellular localization for a protein is indispensable for revealing its biological function. Therefore, one of the fundamental goals in molecular cell biology and proteomics is to determine the subcellular locations of proteins in an entire cell. Before 2007, most efforts in this regard were focused on the single-label system by assuming that each of the constitute proteins in a cell had one, and only one, subcellular location (see, e.g., [314-318]). However, with more experimental data uncovered, it has been found that many proteins may simultaneously occur or move between two or more location sites in a cell and hence need multiple labels to mark them. Proteins with multiple locations are also called multiplex proteins [319, 320], which are often the special targets for drug development [320-326]). Therefore, how to deal with this kind of multi-label systems is a critical challenge. To take the challenge, the Institute has developed the following four series of predictors: 1) [320, 327-333]; 2) [334-339]; 3) [203, 204, 215, 224-226, 340]; 4) [227-230, 254, 265, 266]. All these predictors have yielded very high success rates, both globally and locally, as summarized in a comprehensive review paper [341]. In studying the multi-label systems, we need two kinds of metrics to measure performance quality of a predictor: one is for the accuracy of global prediction and the other for the accuracy of local prediction [342]. As a showcase, let us consider the multi-label predictor of pLoc\_bal-mHum [229], which was developed for studying the 14 organelles or subcellular locations (Figure 5) in a human cell. 1) Click the link at http://www.jci-bioinfo.cn/pLoc\_bal-mHum/, you'll see the top page of the predictor prompted on your computer screen (Figure 6). 2) You can either type or copy/paste the sequences of query human proteins into the input box at the center of Figure 6. The input sequence should be in the FASTA format. You can click the Example button right above the input box to see the sequences in FASTA format. c) Click on the Submit button to see the predicted result; e.g., if you use the four protein sequences in the Example window as the input, after 10 seconds or so, you will see a new screen (Figure 7) occurring. On its upper part are listed the names of the subcellular locations numbered from (1) to (14) covered by the current predictor. On its lower part are the predicted results: the query protein "O15382" of example-1 corresponds to "10", meaning it belongs to "Mitochondrion" only; the query protein "P08962" of example-2 corresponds to "8, 13", meaning it belongs to "Lysosome" and "Plasma membrane"; the query protein "P12272" of example-3 corresponds to "2, 6, 11", meaning it belongs to "Cytoplasm", "Extracellular", and "Nucleus". All these results are perfectly consistent with experimental observations.

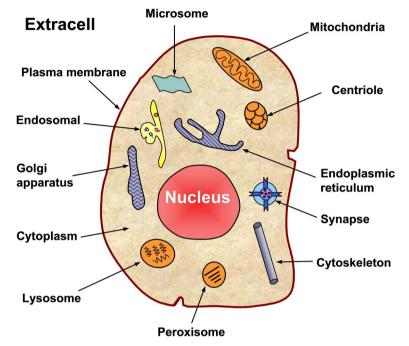


Figure 5. Schematic illustration to show the 14 subcellular locations of human proteins: 1) centriole, 2) cytoplasm, 3) cytoskeleton, 4) endoplasmic reticulum, 5) endosome, 6) extra cell, 7) Golgi apparatus, 8) lysosome, 9) microsome, 10) mitochondrion, 11) nucleus, 12) peroxisome, 13) plasma membrane, and 14) synapse. Adapted from [439] with permission.

pLoc_bal-mHum: predict subcellular localization of Human proteins by balancing training dataset and general PseAAC   Read Me   Supporting information   Citation
Enter query sequences
Enter the sequences of query proteins in FASTA format ( <u>Example</u> ): the number of proteins is limited at 10 or less for each submission.
Submit Cancel
Or, upload a file for batch prediction
Enter your e-mail address and upload the batch input file ( <u>Batch-example</u> ). The predicted result will be sent to you by e-mail once completed; it usually takes 1 minute or so for each protein sequence
Upload file: Browse Your Email:
Batch submit Cancel

Figure 6. A semi-screenshot for the top page of pLoc\_bal-mHum. Adapted from [229] with permission.

(1) Centrosom	1e	(2) Cytoplasm
(3) Cytoskelet	on	(4) Endoplasmic reticulun
(5) Endosome		(6) Extracellular
(7) Golgi appa	ratus	(8) Lysosome
(9) Microsome	•	(10) Mitochondrion
(11) Nucleus		(12) Peroxisome
(13) Plasma me	embrane	(14) Synapse
	;	
Predicted results	;	
Predicted results Protein ID	;	lular location or locations

Figure 7. A semi-screenshot for the webpage obtained by following Step 3 of Section 2.4. Adapted from [229] with permission.

#### 3.6. Five-Steps Rule

The Institute was the birth place of the famous 5-steps rule [278], which has been used in nearly all the areas of computational biology [203, 204, 215, 224-230, 233, 251, 254-256, 259-261, 264, 265, 283, 285, 294, 340, 341, 343-382]), material science [383], and even the commercial science (e.g., the bank account systems). The only difference between them is how to formulate the statistical samples or events with an effective mathematical expression that can truly reflect their intrinsic correlation with the target to be predicted. It just likes the case of many machine-learning algorithms. They can be widely used in nearly all the areas of statistical analysis.

Working in such Institute filled with this kind of philosophy and atmosphere, the scientists would be more prone to be stimulated by the eight pioneering papers from the then Chairman of Nobel Prize Committee Sture Forsen [384-391] and many of their follow-up papers [172, 189, 310, 311, 392-430], so as to drive them substantially more creative and productive.

## 4. CONCLUSION AND PERSPECTIVE

In comparison with the conventional institutes, Gordon Life Science Institute has the following unique advantages: it can 1) attract those scientists who are really loving science more than anything else; 2) maximize their creativity in science and minimize the distraction or disturbance caused by the relocation and various followed-up tedious things; 3) provide them with an ideal environment to completely focus on doing science; 4) drive their motivation by insightful imagination and intriguing curiosity; and 5) create the atmosphere to guide their scientific results more truthful, fantastic, wonderful, and awesome.

Accordingly, it would not be surprising to see that a total of five members of Gordon Life Scientist have been selected by Clarivate Analytics as Highly Cited Researcher or HCR (see Section 3), indicating that for the ratio of HCR per member, the "Gordon Life Science Institute" has already exceeded the "Broad Institute of MIT and Harvard, USA", becoming the top in the world.

It is anticipated that more significant accomplishments will be achieved by the Gordon Life Science Institute for many years to come, as indicated by a series of very recent papers (see, e.g., [230, 431-438]).

## ETHICAL APPROVAL STATEMENT

This article does not contain any studies with human or animal participants.

## **CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

The author declares no conflicts of interest regarding the publication of this paper.

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